



Little Crow

Solar Park

Little Crow Solar Park, Scunthorpe

DRAFT DEVELOPMENT CONSENT ORDER

Revision:
APFP Reg:
PINS Reference:

Submission
5(2)(b)
EN010101

Author:
Date:

Eversheds Sutherland LLP
October 2020

202[] No. 0000

INFRASTRUCTURE PLANNING

The Little Crow Solar Park Order 202[]

Made - - - - 2020

Coming into force - - 2020

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An application has been made to the Secretary of State under section 37 of the Planning Act 2008(a) (“the 2008 Act”) in accordance with the Infrastructure Planning (Applications: Prescribed Forms and Procedure) Regulations 2009(b) for an Order granting development consent.

The application was examined by [a single appointed person] (appointed by the Secretary of State) pursuant to [Chapter 3 of Part 6] of the 2008 Act and carried out in accordance with Chapter 4 of Part 6 of the 2008 Act and the Infrastructure Planning (Examination Procedure) Rules 2010(c).

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- (a) 2008.c. 29 Section 37 was amended by section 137(5) of, and paragraph 5 of Schedule 13(1) to, the Localism Act 2011 (c. 20). Section 74 (2) was amended by paragraph 29 (3) of that Schedule. Section 83(1) was amended by paragraph 35 of that Schedule. Section 105 (2) was amended by paragraph 50 of that Schedule. Section 114 was amended by paragraph 55 of that Schedule. Section 120 was amended by section 140 of, and paragraph 60 of Schedule 13(1) to, that Act.
- (b) S.I. 2009/2264, as amended by the Localism Act 2011 (Infrastructure Planning) (Consequential Amendments) Regulations 2012 (S.I. 2012/635)(1), the Infrastructure Planning (Prescribed Consultees and Interested Parties etc) (Amendment) Regulations 2013 (S.I.2013/522) and the Infrastructure Planning (Environmental Impact Assessment) Regulations 2017 (S.I. 2017/572). There are other amendments to the Regulations which are not relevant to this Order.
- (c) S.I. 2010/103, amended by S.I. 2/012/635.

The [single appointed person] having considered the representations made and not withdrawn and the application together with the accompanying documents, in accordance with [section 83(1) and (2)] of the 2008 Act, has submitted a report and recommendation to the Secretary of State.

The Secretary of State, having considered the representations made and not withdrawn, and the report of the [single appointed person], has decided to make an Order granting development consent for the development described in the application [with modifications which in the opinion of the Secretary of State do not make any substantial changes to the proposals comprised in the application].

The Secretary of State, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 114, 115 and 120 of the 2008 Act, makes the following Order—

PART 1

PRELIMINARY

Citation and commencement

1. This Order may be cited as The Little Crow Solar Park Order 202[] and comes into force on [].

Interpretation

2.—(1) In this Order except where provided otherwise—

“the 1961 Act” means the Land Compensation Act 1961(a);

“the 1980 Act” means the Highways Act 1980(b);

“the 1989 Act” means the Electricity Act 1989(c);

“the 1990 Act” means the Town and Country Planning Act 1990(d);

“the 1991 Act” means the New Roads and Street Works Act 1991(e);

“the 2008 Act” means the Planning Act 2008(f);

“address” includes any number or address for the purposes of electronic transmission;

“apparatus” has the same meaning as in section 105(1) of the 1991 Act;

“authorised development” means the development and associated development described in Schedule 1 (authorised development) and any other development authorised by this Order, which is development within the meaning of section 32 of the 2008 Act and any works carried out under the requirements;

“battery energy storage” means equipment used for the storage of electrical energy by battery;

“building” includes any structure or erection or any part of a building, structure or erection;

“cable circuit” means an electrical conductor necessary to transmit electricity between two points within the authorised development and may include one or more auxiliary cables for the purpose of gathering monitoring data;

(a) 1961 c. 33 Section 2(2) was amended by section 193 of, and paragraph 5 of Schedule 33 to, the Local Government, Planning and Land Act 1980 (c. 65). There are other amendments to the 1961 Act which are not relevant to this Order.

(b) 1980 c. 66.

(c) 1989 c. 29.

(d) 1990 c. 8. Section 206(1) was amended by section 192(8) of, and paragraphs 7 and 11 of Schedule 8 to, the Planning Act 2008 (c. 29) (date in force to be appointed see section 241(3), (4)(a), (c) of the 2008 Act). There are other amendments to the 1990 Act which are not relevant to this Order.

(e) 1991 c. 22. Section 48(3A) was inserted by section 124 of the Local Transport Act 2008 (c. 26). Sections 78(4), 80(4), and 83(4) were amended by section 40 of, and Schedule 1 to, the Traffic Management Act 2004 (c. 18).

(f) 2008 c. 29.

“CCTV” means a closed circuit television security system;

“commence” means beginning to carry out any material operation (as defined in section 155 of the 2008 Act) forming part of the authorised development other than site preparation works, and “commencement” and “commenced” must be construed accordingly;

“construction compound” means a compound including central offices, welfare facilities, accommodation facilities, storage and parking for construction of the authorised development and other associated facilities;

“electronic transmission” means a communication transmitted—

(a) by means of an electronic communications network; or

(b) by other means but while in electronic form;

“environmental statement” means the document certified by the Secretary of State as the environmental statement for the purposes of this Order under article 14 (certification of plans and documents etc);

“hedgerow plan” means the plan identifying hedgerows and important hedgerows and certified by the Secretary of State for the purposes of this Order under article 14;

“highway” and “highway authority” have the same meaning as in the 1980 Act(a);

“inverter” means electrical equipment required to convert direct current power generated by the solar panels to alternating current power;

“land plan including Order limits” means the plan certified by the Secretary of State as the land plan including Order limits for the purposes of this Order under article 14;

“LEMP” means the landscape and ecological plan approved pursuant to requirement 10;

“local planning authority” means the planning authority for North Lincolnshire;

“maintain” includes inspect, upkeep, repair, adjust, alter, remove, reconstruct and replace in relation to the authorised development, provided such works do not give rise to any materially new or materially different environmental effects to those identified in the environmental statement; and any derivative of “maintain” must be construed accordingly;

“mounting structure” means a frame or rack with posts made of galvanised steel or other material pushed into the ground to support the solar panels;

“Order limits” means the limits shown on the land plan including Order limits within which the authorised development may be carried out and land used;

“outline battery safety management plan” means the plan certified by the Secretary of State as the battery safety management plan for the purposes of this Order under article 14;

“outline CEMPs” means the documents certified by the Secretary of State as the outline construction environmental management plan and the outline construction environmental management plan for biodiversity certified by the Secretary of State as the outline CEMPs for the purposes of this Order in accordance with article 14;

“outline CTMP” means the document certified by the Secretary of State as the outline construction traffic management plan for the purposes of the Order in accordance with article 14;

“outline decommissioning plan” means the document certified as the outline decommissioning plan by the Secretary of State for the purposes of this Order under article 14;

“outline LEMP” means the document certified by the Secretary of State as the outline landscape and ecological management plan for the purposes of this Order in accordance with article 14;

“proposed temporary diversion of public footpath 214 plan” means the plan showing footpath 214 and its proposed temporary diversion certified by the Secretary of State for the purposes of this Order under article 14;

(a) “highway” is defined in section 328 (1) for “highway authority” see Section 1.

“requirement” means those matters set out in Schedule 2 (requirements) and a reference to a numbered requirement is a reference to the requirement set out in the paragraph of that Schedule with the same number;

“site preparation works” means operations consisting of pre–construction surveys and/or monitoring, site clearance, demolition work, archaeological investigations, environmental surveys, investigations for the purpose of assessing ground conditions, remedial work in respect of adverse ground conditions, diversion and laying of services, erection of any temporary means of enclosure, the temporary display of site notices or advertisements;

“solar panel” means a solar photovoltaic panel designed to convert solar irradiance to direct current electrical energy fitted to a mounting structure;

“street” means a street within the meaning of section 48 of the 1991 Act, together with land on the verge of a street or between two carriageways, and includes part of a street;

“street authority” in relation to a street, has the same meaning as in Part 3 of the 1991 Act(a)

“substation” means a compound containing electrical equipment required to switch, transform, convert electricity and provide reactive power compensation with welfare facilities, means of access and other associated facilities;

“transformer” means a structure containing electrical switch gear serving to transform electricity generated by the solar panels and imported and exported by the batteries to a higher voltage;

“undertaker” means INRG Solar (Little Crow) Limited company number 11136483, whose registered office is at 93 Leigh Road, Eastleigh, Hants, England SO50 9DQ;

“watercourse” includes all rivers, streams, ditches, drains, canals, cuts, culverts, dykes, sluices, sewers and passages through which water flows except a public sewer or drain;

“work” means a work set out in Schedule 1 (authorised development); and

“works plan” means the plan certified by the Secretary of State as the works plan for the purposes of this Order in accordance with article 14.

(2) All distances, directions, capacities and lengths referred to in this Order are approximate and distances between points on a work are taken to be measured along that work.

(3) Any reference in this Order to a work identified by the number of the work is to be construed as a reference to the work of that number authorised by this Order.

(4) In this Order “includes” must be construed without limitation unless the contrary intention appears.

(5) References in this Order to any statutory body include that body’s successor bodies as from time to time have jurisdiction in relation to the authorised development.

PART 2

PRINCIPAL POWERS

Development consent etc. granted by the Order

3.—(1) Subject to the provisions of this Order including the requirements in Schedule 2 Part 1 the undertaker is granted development consent for the authorised development to be carried out within the Order limits.

(2) Each numbered work must be situated within the corresponding numbered area shown on the works plan.

(3) Notwithstanding anything in this Order or shown on the works plan the undertaker may construct work no. 2A or work no. 2B but may not construct more than one of those works under the powers conferred by this Order.

(a) “street authority” is defined in section 49, which was amended by paragraph 117 of Schedule 1 to the Infrastructure Act 2015 (c. 7).

(4) The undertaker must notify the local planning authority prior to the commencement of any works comprised in work no.2A or work no. 2B which of those works it intends to construct.

Maintenance of authorised development

4.—(1) The undertaker may at any time maintain the authorised development, except to the extent that this Order, or an agreement made under this Order, provides otherwise.

(2) This article only authorises the carrying out of works for maintenance purposes within the Order limits.

Consent to transfer benefit of Order

5.—(1) Except as otherwise provided in this Order, the provisions of this Order have effect solely for the benefit of the undertaker.

(2) Subject to paragraph (4), the undertaker may with the written consent of the Secretary of State—

- (a) transfer to another person (“the transferee”) any or all of the benefit of the provisions of this Order and such related statutory rights as may be agreed between the undertaker and the transferee; and
- (b) grant to another person (“the lessee”) for a period agreed between the undertaker and the lessee any or all of the benefit of the provisions of this Order and such related statutory rights as may be so agreed,

except where paragraph (6) applies, in which case no consent of the Secretary of State is required.

(3) Where an agreement has been made in accordance with paragraph (2) references in this Order to the undertaker, except in paragraphs (5) and (7) are to include references to the transferee or the lessee.

(4) The undertaker must consult the Secretary of State before making an application for consent under this article by giving notice in writing of the proposed application.

(5) Where the undertaker has transferred any benefit, or for the duration of any period during which the undertaker has transferred any benefit, or for the duration of any period during which the undertaker has granted any benefit, under paragraph (2)—

- (a) the benefit transferred or granted (“the transferred benefit”) must include any rights that are conferred, and any obligations that are imposed, by virtue of the provisions to which the benefit relates;
- (b) the transferred benefit will reside exclusively with the transferee or, as the case may be, the lessee and the transferred benefit will not be enforceable against the undertaker; and
- (c) the exercise by a person of any benefits or rights conferred in accordance with any transfer or grant under paragraph (2) is subject to the same restrictions, liabilities and obligations as would apply under this Order if those benefits or rights were exercised by the undertaker.

(6) This paragraph applies to any provisions of this Order and its related statutory rights where the transferee or lessee is the holder of a licence under section 6 (licensing authorising supply etc) of the 1989 Act.

(7) Prior to any transfer or grant under this article taking effect the undertaker must give notice in writing to the Secretary of State and the local planning authority.

(8) The notice required under paragraphs (4) and (7) must—

- (a) state—
 - (i) the name and contact details of the person to whom the benefit of the provisions will be transferred or granted;
 - (ii) subject to paragraph (9), the date on which the transfer will take effect;
 - (iii) the provisions to be transferred or granted; and

- (iv) the restrictions, liabilities and obligations that, in accordance with paragraph (5)(c), will apply to the person exercising the powers transferred or granted; and
- (b) be accompanied by—
 - (i) where relevant, a plan showing the works or areas to which the transfer or grant relates; and
 - (ii) a copy of the document effecting the transfer or grant signed by the undertaker and the person to whom the benefit of the powers will be transferred or granted.

(9) The date specified under paragraph (8)(a)(ii) in respect of a notice served in respect of paragraph (7) must not be earlier than the expiry of five days from the date of the receipt of the notice.

(10) The notice given under paragraph (7) must be signed by the undertaker and the person to whom the benefit of the powers will be transferred or granted as specified in that notice.

Application and modification of legislative provisions

6.—(1) Regulation 6 of the Hedgerows Regulations 1997(a) is modified so as to read for the purposes of this Order only as if there were inserted after paragraph (1)(j) the following—

“(k) or for carrying out or the maintenance of development which has been authorised by The Little Crow Solar Park Order 202[].”

Defence to proceedings in respect of statutory nuisance

7.—(1) Where proceedings are brought under section 82(1) (summary proceedings by person aggrieved by statutory nuisances) of the Environmental Protection Act 1990(b) in relation to a nuisance falling within paragraph (g) of section 79(1) of that Act (noise emitted from premises so as to be prejudicial to health or a nuisance) no order is to be made, and no fine is to be imposed, under section 82(2) of that Act if —

- (a) the defendant show that the nuisance —
 - (i) relates to premises used by the undertaker for the purposes of or in connection with the construction or maintenance of the authorised development and that the nuisance is attributable to the carrying out of the authorised development in accordance with a notice served under section 60 (control of noise on construction sites), or a consent given under section 61 (prior consent for work on construction sites) or section 65 (noise exceeding registered level), of the Control of Pollution Act 1974(c); or
 - (ii) is a consequence of the construction maintenance or decommissioning of the authorised development and cannot reasonably be avoided; or
- (b) the defendant shows that the nuisance is a consequence of the use of the authorised development and cannot reasonably be avoided.

(2) Section 61(9) (consent for work on construction site to include statement that it does not of itself constitute a defence to proceedings under section 82 of the Environmental Protection Act 1990) of the Control of Pollution Act 1974 does not apply where the consent relates to the use of premises by the undertaker for the purposes of or in connection with the construction or maintenance of the authorised development.

(a) S.I. 1997/1160.

(b) 1990 c. 43. There are amendments to this Act which are not relevant to this Order.

(c) 1974 c. 40. Section 61(9) and 65(8) were amended by Section 162 and paragraph 15 of Schedule 3 to the Environment Protection Act 1990 (c. 25). There are other amendments to 1974 Act but none are relevant to this Order.

PART 3

PUBLIC FOOTPATH

Temporary stopping up and diversion of public footpath

8.—(1) The undertaker may, during the construction and decommissioning of the authorised development, temporarily stop up public footpath 214 as specified in column (2) of Schedule 3 (public footpath to be temporarily stopped up and diverted) to the extent specified in column (4) of Schedule 3, and must provide the temporary substitute public footpath specified in column (5) of Schedule 3 for the period during which the footpath is temporarily stopped up.

PART 4

SUPPLEMENTAL POWERS

Discharge of water

9.—(1) The undertaker may use any watercourse or any public sewer or drain for the drainage of water in connection with the carrying out, maintenance or use of the authorised development and for that purpose may lay down, take up and alter pipes and may, on any land within the Order limits, make openings into, and connections with, the watercourse, public sewer or drain.

(2) Any dispute arising from the making of connections to or the use of a public sewer or drain by the undertaker under paragraph (1) is to be determined as if it were a dispute under section 106 (right to communicate with public sewers) of the Water Industry Act 1991(a).

(3) The undertaker must not discharge any water into any watercourse, public sewer or drain except with the consent of the person to whom it belongs or the person or body otherwise having authority to give such consent; and such consent may be given subject to such terms and conditions as that person may reasonably impose, but must not be unreasonably withheld.

(4) The undertaker must not carry out any works to or make any opening into any public sewer or drain except—

- (a) in accordance with plans approved by the person to whom the sewer or drain belongs, but such approval must not be unreasonably withheld; and
- (b) where that person has been given the opportunity to supervise the making of the opening.

(5) The undertaker must not, in carrying out or maintaining works pursuant to this article, damage or interfere with the bed or banks of any watercourse forming part of a main river other than in accordance with a permit granted by the Environment Agency.

(6) The undertaker must take such steps as are reasonably practicable to secure that any water discharged into a watercourse or public sewer or drain under this article is as free as may be practicable from gravel, soil or other solid substance, oil or matter in suspension.

(7) This article does not authorise a groundwater activity or a water discharge activity within the meaning of the Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations 2016(b).

(8) In this article—

- (a) “public sewer or drain” means a sewer or drain which belongs to a sewerage undertaker, the Environment Agency, an internal drainage board or a local authority; and
- (b) other expressions, excluding watercourse, used both in this article and in the Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations 2016 have the same meaning as in those Regulations.

(a) 1991 c. 56. Section 106 was amended by section 35(8)(a) of the Competition and Service (Utilities) Act 1992 (c. 43) and sections 36(2) and 99 of the Water Act 2003 (c. 37). There are other amendments to the section which are not relevant to this order.

(b) S.I. 2016/1154 “Groundwater activity” is defined in paragraph 3 of Schedule 22. “Water discharge activity” is defined in paragraph 3 of Schedule 21.

(9) If a person who receives an application for consent under paragraph (3) or approval under paragraph (4)(a) fails to notify the undertaker of a decision within 28 days of receiving an application, that person is deemed to have granted consent or given approval, as the case may be.

Authority to survey and investigate the land

10.—(1) The undertaker may for the purposes of this Order enter on any land shown within the Order limits or which may be affected by the authorised development and—

- (a) survey or investigate the land;
- (b) without prejudice to the generality of sub-paragraph (a), make trial holes in such positions on the land as the undertaker thinks fit to investigate the nature of the surface layer and subsoil and remove soil samples;
- (c) without prejudice to the generality of sub-paragraph (a), carry out ecological or archaeological investigations on such land; and
- (d) place on, leave on and remove from the land apparatus for use in connection with the survey and investigation of land and making of trial holes.

(2) No land may be entered or equipment placed or left on or removed from the land under paragraph (1) unless at least 14 days' notice has been served on every owner and occupier of the land.

(3) Any person entering land under this article on behalf of the undertaker—

- (a) must, if so required entering the land, produce written evidence of their authority to do so; and
- (b) may take with them such vehicles and equipment as are necessary to carry out the survey or investigation or to make the trial holes.

(4) No trial holes may be made under this article:

- (a) in land located within the highway boundary without the consent of the highway authority; or
- (b) in a private street without the consent of the street authority

but such consent must not be unreasonably withheld.

(5) The undertaker must compensate the owners and occupiers of the land for any loss or damage arising by reason of the exercise of the authority conferred by this article, such compensation to be determined, in case of dispute, Part 1 (determination of questions of disputed compensation) of the 1961 Act.

(6) If either a highway authority or a street authority which receives an application for consent fails to notify the undertaker of its decision within 28 days of receiving the application for consent—

- (a) under paragraph (4)(a) in the case of a highway authority; or
- (b) under paragraph (4)(b) in the case of a street authority,

that authority is deemed to have granted consent.

PART 5

OPERATIONS

Operation of generating station

11.—(1) The undertaker is authorised to operate and use the generating station for which development consent is granted by this Order.

(2) Paragraph (1) does not relieve the undertaker of any requirement to obtain any permit or licence under any other legislation that may be required from time to time to authorise the operation of an electricity generating station.

PART 6
MISCELLANEOUS AND GENERAL

Removal of human remains

12.—(1) In this article “the specified land” means the land within Order limits.

(2) Before the undertaker carries out any development or works which will or may disturb any human remains in the specified land it must remove those human remains from the specified land, or cause them to be removed, in accordance with the following provisions of this article.

(3) Before any such remains are removed from the specified land the undertaker must give notice of the intended removal, describing the specified land and stating the general effect of the following provisions of this article, by—

- (a) publishing a notice once in each of two successive weeks in a newspaper circulating in the area of the authorised development; and
- (b) displaying a notice in a conspicuous place on or near to the specified land.

(4) As soon as reasonably practicable after the first publication of a notice under paragraph (3) the undertaker must send a copy of the notice to North Lincolnshire Council.

(5) At any time within 56 days after the first publication of a notice under paragraph (3) any person who is a personal representative or relative of any deceased person whose remains are interred in the specified land may give notice in writing to the undertaker of that person’s intention to undertake the removal of the remains.

(6) Where a person has given notice under paragraph (5), and the remains in question can be identified, that person may cause such remains to be—

- (a) removed and re-interred in any burial ground or cemetery in which burials may legally take place; or
- (b) removed to, and cremated in, any crematorium,

and that person must, as soon as reasonably practicable after such re-interment or cremation, provide to the undertaker a certificate for the purpose of enabling compliance with paragraph (11).

(7) If the undertaker is not satisfied that any person giving notice under paragraph (5) is the personal representative or relative as that person claims to be, or that the remains in question can be identified, the question must be determined on the application of either party in a summary manner by the county court, and the court may make an order specifying who must remove the remains and as to the payment of the costs of the application.

(8) The undertaker must pay the reasonable expenses of removing and re-interring or cremating the remains of any deceased person under this article.

(9) If—

- (a) within the period of 56 days referred to in paragraph (5) no notice under that paragraph has been given to the undertaker in respect of any remains in the specified land; or
- (b) such notice is given and no application is made under paragraph (7) within 56 days after the giving of the notice but the person who gave the notice fails to remove the remains within a further period of 56 days; or
- (c) within 56 days after any order is made by the county court under paragraph (7) any person, other than the undertaker, specified in the order fails to remove the remains; or
- (d) it is determined that the remains to which any such notice relates cannot be identified,

subject to paragraph (10) the undertaker must remove the remains and cause them to be re-interred in such burial ground or cemetery in which burials may legally take place as the undertaker thinks suitable for the purpose; and, so far as possible, remains from individual graves are to be re-interred in individual containers which must be identifiable by a record prepared with reference to the original position of burial of the remains that they contain.

(10) If the undertaker is satisfied that any person giving notice under paragraph (5) is the personal representative or relative as that person claims to be and that the remains in question can be identified, but that person does not remove the remains, the undertaker must comply with any reasonable request that person may make in relation to the removal and re-interment or cremation of the remains.

(11) On the re-interment or cremation of any remains under this article—

- (a) a certificate of re-interment or cremation must be sent by the undertaker to the Registrar General giving the date of re-interment or cremation and identifying the place from which the remains were removed and the place in which they were re-interred or cremated; and
- (b) a copy of the certificate of re-interment or cremation and the record mentioned in paragraph (9) must be sent by the undertaker to the local authority mentioned in paragraph (4).

(12) No notice is required under paragraph (3) before the removal of any human remains where the undertaker is satisfied—

- (a) that the remains were interred more than 100 years ago; and
- (b) that no relative or personal representative of the deceased is likely to object to the remains being removed in accordance with this article.

(13) In this article—

- (a) references to a relative of the deceased are to a person who—
 - (i) is a husband, wife, civil partner, parent, grandparent, child or grandchild of the deceased; or
 - (ii) is, or is a child of, a brother, sister, uncle or aunt of the deceased; or
 - (iii) is the lawful executor of the estate of the deceased; or
 - (iv) is the lawful administrator of the estate of the deceased.

(14) The removal of the remains of any deceased person under this article must be carried out in accordance with any directions which may be given by the Secretary of State.

(15) Any jurisdiction or function conferred on the county court by this article may be exercised by the district judge of the court.

(16) Section 25 of the Burial Act 1857(a) (bodies not to be removed from burial grounds, save under faculty, without licence of Secretary of State) is not to apply to a removal carried out in accordance with this article.

(17) The Town and Country Planning (Churches, Places of Religious Worship and Burial Ground) Regulations 1950(b) do not apply to the authorised development.

Operational land for the purposes of the 1990 Act

13. Development consent granted by this Order is to be treated as specific planning permission for the purposes of section 264(3)(a) (cases in which land is to be treated as operational land) for the purposes of that Act) of the 1990 Act.

Certification of plans, etc.

14.—(1) The undertaker must, as soon as practicable after the making of this Order, submit to the Secretary of State copies of the—

- (a) archaeological exclusion zone – whole area plan (document reference 2.22 LC DRW);
- (b) environmental statement (document reference 6 LC ESCH (Chapters 1-11));
- (c) flood risk assessment and drainage strategy (document reference 7.3 LC TA3.1);
- (d) hedgerow plan (document reference 2.40 LC DRW);

(a) 1857 c. 81. Substituted by Church of England (Miscellaneous Provisions) Measure 2014 No. 1 s.2 (January 1, 2015: substitution has effect subject to transitional and saving provisions specified in S.I. 2014/2077 Sch. 1 paras 1 and 2).
(b) S.I. 1950/792.

- (e) land plan including Order limits (document reference 2.1 LC DRW);
- (f) outline battery safety management plan (environmental statement technical appendix 7.14 LC TA4.7);
- (g) outline CEMPs (environmental statement technical appendix 7.8 LC TA4.1 & 7.27 LCTA 7.7);
- (h) outline CTMP (environmental statement technical appendix 7.36 LC TA9.2);
- (i) outline decommissioning strategy (environmental statement technical appendix 7.9 LC TA 4.2);
- (j) outline LEMP (environmental statement technical appendix 7.28 LC TA 7.8);
- (k) proposed temporary diversion of public footpath 214 plan (document reference 2.39 LC DRW);
- (l) works details – Key B2 - sheet 5 of 7 (document reference 2.15 LC DRW);
- (m) works plan (document reference 2.8 LC DRW);

for certification that they are true copies of the documents referred to in this Order.

(2) A plan or document so certified is admissible in any proceedings as evidence of the contents of the document of which it is a copy.

Service of notices

15.—(1) A notice or other document required or authorised to be served for the purposes of this Order may be served—

- (a) by post;
- (b) by delivering it to the person on whom it is to be served or to whom it is to be given or supplied; or
- (c) with the consent of the recipient and subject to paragraphs (5) to (8) by electronic transmission.

(2) Where the person on whom a notice or other document to be served for the purposes of this Order is a body corporate, the notice or document is duly served if it is served on the secretary or clerk of that body.

(3) For the purposes of section 7 (references to service by post) of the Interpretation Act 1978(a) as it applies for the purposes of this article, the proper address of any person in relation to the service on that person of a notice or document under paragraph (1) is, if that person has given an address for service, that address, and otherwise—

- (a) in the case of the secretary or clerk of a body corporate, the registered or principal office of that body; and
- (b) in any other case, the last known address of that person at the time of service.

(4) Where for the purposes of this Order a notice or other document is required or authorised to be served on a person as having an interest in, or as the occupier of, land and the name or address of that person cannot be ascertained after reasonable enquiry, the notice may be served by—

- (a) addressing it to that person by name or by the description of “owner”, or as the case may be “occupier”, of the land (describing it); and
- (b) either leaving it in the hands of a person who is or appears to be resident or employed on the land or leaving it conspicuously affixed to some building or object on or near the land.

(5) Where a notice or other document required to be served or sent for the purposes of this Order is served or sent by electronic transmission the requirement is to be taken to be fulfilled only where—

- (a) the recipient of the notice or other document to be transmitted has given consent to the use of electronic transmission in writing or by electronic transmission;

(a) 1978 c. 30.

- (b) the notice or document is capable of being accessed by the recipient;
- (c) the notice or document is legible in all material respects; and
- (d) the notice or document is in a form sufficiently permanent to be used for subsequent reference.

(6) Where the recipient of a notice or other document served or sent by electronic transmission notifies the sender within 7 days of receipt that the recipient requires a paper copy of all or part of that notice or other document the sender must provide such a copy as soon as reasonably practicable.

(7) Any consent to the use of electronic communication given by a person may be revoked by that person in accordance with paragraph (8).

(8) Where a person is no longer willing to accept the use of electronic transmission for any of the purposes of this Order—

- (a) that person must give notice in writing or by electronic transmission revoking any consent given by that person for that purpose; and
- (b) such revocation is final and takes effect on a date specified by the person in the notice but that date must not be less than 7 days after the date on which the notice is given.

(9) This article does not exclude the employment of any method of service not expressly provided for by it.

(10) In this article “legible in all material respects” means that the information contained in the notice or document is available to that person to no lesser extent than it would be if served, given or supplied by means of a notice or document in printed form.

Felling or lopping of trees or removal of hedgerows

16.—(1) The undertaker may fell or lop any tree, or shrub near any part of the authorised development, or cut back its roots, if it reasonably believes it to be necessary to do so to prevent the tree, or shrub—

- (a) from obstructing or interfering with the construction, maintenance operation or decommissioning of the authorised development or any apparatus used in connection with the authorised development; or
- (b) from constituting a danger to persons using the authorised development.

(2) In carrying out any activity authorised by paragraph (1), the undertaker must do no unnecessary damage to any tree, or shrub and must pay compensation to any person for any loss or damage arising from such activity.

(3) Any dispute as to a person’s entitlement to compensation under paragraph (2), or as to the amount of compensation, must be determined under Part 1 of the 1961 Act.

(4) The undertaker may for the purposes of the authorised development—

- (a) remove those parts of the important hedgerows within the Order limits and specified in Schedule 4 part 1 (removal of important hedgerows); and
- (b) remove those parts of the hedgerows as are within the Order limits and specified in Schedule 4 part 2 (removal of hedgerows).

(5) In this article “hedgerow” and “important hedgerow” have the same meaning as in the Hedgerow Regulations 1997(a).

Arbitration

17.—(1) Any difference under any provision of this Order, unless otherwise provided for, shall be referred to and settled in arbitration in accordance with the rules at Schedule 5 (Arbitration rules) of this Order, by a single arbitrator to be agreed upon by the parties, within 14 days of receipt of the notice of arbitration, or if the parties fail to agree within the time period stipulated, to be appointed on application of either party (after giving written notice to the other) by the Secretary of State.

(a) S.I. 1997/1160.

Requirements, appeals, etc.

18.—(1) Where an application is made to, or a request is made of, the local planning authority or any other relevant person for any agreement or approval requirement or contemplated by any of the provisions of this Order, such agreement or approval must, if given, be given in writing and must not be unreasonably withheld or delayed.

(2) Part 2 (procedure for discharge or requirements) of Schedule 2 (Requirements) has effect in relation to all agreements or approvals granted, refused or withheld in relation to requirements in Part 2 of that Schedule.

Application of landlord and tenant law

19.—(1) This article applies to—

- (a) any agreement for leasing to any person the whole or any part of the authorised development or the right to operate the same; and
- (b) any agreement entered into by the undertaker with any person for the construction, maintenance, use or operation of the authorised development, or any part of it,

so far as any such agreement relates to the terms on which any land which is the subject of a lease granted by or under that agreement is to be provided for that person's use.

(2) No enactment or rule of law regulating the rights and obligations of landlords and tenants may prejudice the operation of any agreement to which this article applies.

(3) Accordingly, no such enactment or rule of law to which paragraph (2) applies in relation to the rights and obligations of the parties to any lease granted by or under any such agreement so as to—

- (a) exclude or in any respect modify any of the rights and obligations of those parties under the terms of the lease, whether with respect to the termination of the tenancy or any other matter;
- (b) confer or impose on any such party any right or obligation arising out of or connected with anything done or omitted on or in relation to land which is the subject of the lease, in addition to any such right or obligation provided for by the terms of the lease; or
- (c) restrict the enforcement (whether by action for damages or otherwise) by any party to the lease of any obligation of any other party under the lease.

Protective Provisions

20. Schedule 6 (protective provisions) has effect.

Signed by Authority of the Secretary of State for Business, Energy and Industrial Strategy

Signatory text

Address
Date

Name
Department of Business, Energy and Industrial Strategy
Department

SCHEDULES

SCHEDULE 1

Article 3

AUTHORISED DEVELOPMENT

In the administrative area of North Lincolnshire

1. The construction, operation, maintenance and decommissioning of a nationally significant infrastructure project as defined in sections 14(1) and 15 of the 2008 Act with associated development under section 115(1)(b) of the 2008 Act.

The nationally significant infrastructure project comprises a generating station with a gross electrical output of over 50 megawatts peak comprising all or any of the work numbers in this Schedule or any part of any work number in this Schedule—

Work No. 1 - a generating station comprising: arrays of ground-mounted solar panels with a gross electrical output of over 50 megawatts peak comprising—

- (a) solar panels;
- (b) mounting structure;
- (c) internal access tracks;
- (d) inverters;
- (e) transformers;
- (f) cable trenches;
- (g) cable circuits;
- (h) switch gear and ancillary equipment
- (i) earthing circuits;
- (j) communication circuits;
- (k) CCTV and mountings; and
- (l) internal security fencing with gates

Along with associated development within the meaning of Section 115(2) of the 2008 Act comprising—

Work No. 2A – a battery energy storage system comprising—

- (a) containerised battery units;
- (b) inverters;
- (c) client switch room containers housing the switch gear;
- (d) transformers;
- (e) cable trenches;
- (f) cable circuits;
- (g) communication circuits;
- (h) vehicle parking;
- (i) earthing circuits;
- (j) CCTV and mountings;
- (k) internal security fencing with gates; and
- (l) internal access tracks;

Work No. 2B – a battery energy storage system comprising—

- (a) containerised battery units;
- (b) inverters;
- (c) client switch room container housing the switch gear;
- (d) transformers;
- (e) cable trenches;
- (f) cable circuits;
- (g) communication circuits;
- (h) vehicle parking;
- (i) earthing circuits;
- (j) CCTV and mountings;
- (k) internal access tracks; and
- (l) internal security fencing with gates;

Work No. 3 – formation of ecological corridors comprising—

- (a) planting and ecological works incorporating the biodiversity objectives and management prescriptions set out in the LEMP;
- (b) internal access tracks;
- (c) fencing archaeological exclusion zone;
- (d) swale buffer;
- (e) temporary diversion of public footpath;
- (f) underground connection to the electricity network;
- (g) cable trenches;
- (h) cable circuits;
- (i) hedge buffer;
- (j) ancient woodland buffer;
- (k) pond buffer;
- (l) CCTV and mountings; and
- (m) bunds, embankments and swales.

Work No. 4 – construction of substation building and compound comprising—

- (a) customer switch room;
- (b) control room building welfare unit and WC;
- (c) car parking;
- (d) gantry with voltage and current transformers ;
- (e) security fencing with gates;
- (f) circuit breakers;
- (g) earthing circuits;
- (h) access track with separate access provision for District Network Operator;
- (i) cable trenches;
- (j) cable circuits;
- (k) cess pit;
- (l) floodlight columns;
- (m) pad mounted transformer;
- (n) sealing end structures;
- (o) high level 132 kV busbars; and

- (p) low level disconnectors.

Work No. 5 – upgrade to main access track comprising—

- (a) laying out and surfacing of passing bays and access track;
- (b) vegetation removal;
- (c) planting and ecological works incorporating the biodiversity objectives and management prescriptions in the LEMP; and
- (d) drainage channels.

Work No. 6 – perimeter development buffer comprising—

- (a) security fencing, boundary treatment and other means of enclosure;
- (b) bunds, embankments and swales;
- (c) temporary diversion of public footpath during construction and decommissioning;
- (d) ancient woodland buffer;
- (e) public footpath buffer;
- (f) pond buffer;
- (g) hedge buffer;
- (h) swale buffer;
- (i) mitigation planting and maintenance corridor; and
- (j) planting and ecological works incorporating the biodiversity objectives and management prescriptions set out in the LEMP.

Work No. 7 – temporary construction and decommissioning compound comprising—

- (a) installation of portable cabins providing office and welfare facilities;
- (b) parking;
- (c) storage containers;
- (d) secure storage compound;
- (e) temporary hardstanding; and
- (f) internal security fencing with gates.

Site Wide Works

In connection with the construction of Work Nos 1-7 above and to the extent that they do not form any part of any such work, further associated development comprising such other works as may be necessary or expedient for the purpose of or in connection with the relevant part of the authorised development and which fall within the scope of work assessed by the environmental statement within the Order limits including—

- (a) foundations, drainage, fencing, culverts and lighting;
- (b) bunds, embankments and swales;
- (c) jointing bays, cable ducts, cable protection, joint protection, manholes, construction of crossing structures, kiosks, marker, posts, underground cable marker, tiles and tape, and lighting and other works associated with cable laying;
- (d) altering the course of or otherwise constructing over or under non-navigable watercourses;
- (e) site preparation works, site clearance; earthworks (including soil stripping and storage, site levelling); remediation of contamination;
- (f) working sites, storage areas, temporary vehicle parking, ramps and other means of access, hardstanding, internal roads and tracks, laydown areas, welfare facilities, construction lighting, haulage roads and other machinery, apparatus, works and conveniences and their restoration;

- (g) landscape and biodiversity mitigation and enhancement;
- (h) horizontal directional drilling; and
- (i) works for the benefit or protection of land affected by the authorised development.

SCHEDULE 2 REQUIREMENTS

Article 3

PART 1 REQUIREMENTS

Interpretation

1. In this Schedule—

“BSMP” means battery safety management plan;

“CEMPs” means construction environmental management plan and construction environmental management plan for biodiversity;

“contaminated land” has the same meaning as that given in section 78A of the Environmental Protection Act 1990;

“CTMP” means construction traffic management plan;

“first export date” means the date on which the generating station first exports electricity to the Northern Powergrid network on a commercial basis;

“phase” means a defined section or part of the authorised development, the extent of which is shown in a scheme submitted to and approved by the local planning authority under requirement 5 (phases of authorised development); and

“LEMP” means landscape and ecological management plan.

Time limit

2.—(1) The authorised development must commence no later than the expiration of five years beginning with the date on which this Order comes into force.

Expiry of development consent

3.—(1) The development consent granted by this Order will expire 35 years after the first export date from Work No.1.

(2) Confirmation of the first export date for Work No.1 must be provided by the undertaker to the local planning authority within one month of its occurrence.

Decommissioning and site restoration

4.—(1) Not less than 12 months before the expiry of the development consent granted by this Order, a decommissioning and site restoration scheme must be submitted to the local planning authority for its approval. The decommissioning and site restoration scheme(s) must be in accordance with the outline decommissioning strategy.

(2) The decommissioning and site restoration scheme(s) must include provision for—

- (a) removal of all above-ground elements of the relevant part of the authorised development (with the exception of the access tracks (Work No.5) unless otherwise agreed with the landowner and the substation (Work No. 4) unless otherwise agreed with the substation operator);

- (b) removal of any cabling which is up to five hundred millimetres below ground level; and
- (c) restoration of the areas disturbed by the relevant part of the authorised development.

(3) Decommissioning and restoration must be completed in accordance with, and within the period set out in, the approved decommissioning and site restoration scheme(s).

Phases of authorised development

5.—(1) The authorised development must not be commenced until a written scheme setting out the phases of construction of the authorised development has been submitted to and approved by the local planning authority.

(2) The scheme must be implemented as approved.

Detailed design approval

6.—(1) No phase of the authorised development may be commenced until written details of the following for that phase have been submitted to and approved by the local planning authority—

- (a) layout;
- (b) scale;
- (c) proposed finished ground levels and elevations;
- (d) external appearance;
- (e) hard-surfacing materials;
- (f) parking and circulation areas;
- (g) refuse or other storage units, signs and lighting;
- (h) power and communications cables and pipelines;
- (i) fencing;
- (j) tree and hedgerow protection measures;
- (k) new planting; and
- (l) security measures.

(2) The details submitted must accord with—

- (a) the principles and assessments set out in the environmental statement; and
- (b) the works plan.

(3) The authorised development must be carried out in accordance with the approved details.

Battery safety management

7.—(1) The battery safety management plan (“BSMP”) must prescribe measures to facilitate safety during the construction, operation and decommissioning of either Work No. 2A or Work No. 2B.

(2) Work No.2A or Work No.2B must not commence until confirmation has been provided to the local planning authority (a) that no amendments to the outline BSMP are necessary; or (b) where amendment is required, details of any changes or updates to the outline BSMP have been submitted to and approved by the local planning authority.

(3) Any revised BSMP must accord with the outline battery safety management plan.

(4) The local planning authority must consult with the Health and Safety Executive and Humberside Fire and Rescue Service before determining an application for approval of the BSMP.

Construction Environmental Management Plans (CEMPs)

8.—(1) Prior to the commencement of each phase of the authorised development, a CEMP for that phase is to be submitted to and approved by the local planning authority. The approved CEMP

must be in accordance with the outline CEMPs and must be adhered to throughout works in that phase.

- (2) The CEMP must provide details of—
- (a) community liaison;
 - (b) complaints procedures;
 - (c) nuisance management including measures to avoid or minimise the impacts of construction works (covering dust, noise, vibration and lighting);
 - (d) dust management measures;
 - (e) site waste and materials management measures;
 - (f) pollution control measures;
 - (g) security measures and use of artificial lighting;
 - (h) a protocol in the event that unexpected contaminated land is identified during ground investigation or construction; and
 - (i) details of out of hours working procedures.

Construction Traffic Management Plan (CTMP)

9.—(1) Prior to the commencement of each phase of the authorised development, a CTMP covering that phase of the authorised development and in accordance with the outline CTMP will be submitted to and approved by the local planning authority.

- (2) The CTMP must include details of—
- (a) associated traffic movements; including delivery vehicles and staff/construction vehicle movements;
 - (b) traffic management requirements on the adjoining highway; and
 - (c) a condition survey of any road which will be affected by that phase of authorised development.
- (3) The CTMP must be implemented as approved.

Landscape and Ecological Management Plan (LEMP)

10.—(1) Prior to commencement of each phase of the authorised development as set out in the phasing plan, a LEMP covering that phase of authorised development and in accordance with the outline LEMP must be submitted to and approved by the local planning authority.

- (2) The LEMP must include—
- (a) details of the method of protection of existing landscape features and habitats during the construction, operation and decommissioning stage of the authorised development;
 - (b) details of habitat creation, including new native hedgerow planting adjacent to the proposed security fencing along the line of the existing footpath, gapping up of existing native hedgerows within the Order limits adjacent to the footpath and sowing of wildflower seed along the margins between the footpath and the hedgerow/ security fence boundaries;
 - (c) details of ongoing management including seasonal grazing regime and other measures shown in table 7.5 at chapter 7 of the environmental statement including the annual review of the need for any additional mitigation planning work, during the lifetime of the scheme;
 - (d) a timetable for the long-term landscape management of the land within the Order limits; and
 - (e) landscaping details for the area allocated for Work No.2A in the event that Work No. 2B is constructed.
- (3) The LEMP must be implemented as approved.

Construction hours

11.—(1) Subject to sub-paragraph (2), no construction works are to take place except between—

- (a) 07:00 and 18:00 Monday to Friday; and
- (b) 08:00 and 13:30 on Saturday,

unless otherwise agreed by the local planning authority.

(2) The following works are permitted outside the hours referred to in sub-paragraph (1)—

- (a) emergency works; and
- (b) works which do not cause noise that is audible at the boundary of the Order limits.

(3) Any emergency works carried out under sub-paragraph (2)(a) must be notified to the local planning authority within 72 hours of their commencement.

Surface and foul water drainage

12.—(1) No phase of the authorised development may be commenced until written details of the surface and foul water drainage system for that phase have been submitted to and approved by the local planning authority.

(2) The details submitted under sub-paragraph (1) must include the plans and strategies referred to in Appendix 3.1 -flood risk assessment and drainage strategy of the environmental statement (document reference 7.3 LC TA3.1).

(3) The surface and foul water drainage system for the relevant part of the authorised development must be constructed in accordance with the approved details unless otherwise agreed in writing by the local planning authority.

Archaeology

13.—(1) Not to commence the authorised development until the archaeological exclusion zone around Gokewell Priory shown on the Archaeological Exclusion Zone – Whole Area Plan (document reference 2.22 LC DRW) has been installed as shown on the works plan;

(2) Not to permit digging in the archaeological “no-dig” zone identified on the Works Details – Key B2 - Sheet 5 of 7 (document reference 2.15 LC DRW).

(3) No phase within the authorised development may be commenced until a written scheme for the investigation of areas of archaeological interest within that phase has been submitted to and approved by the local planning authority.

(4) The scheme approved under sub-paragraph (2) must identify any areas where a watching brief is required and the measures to be taken to protect, record or preserve any significant archaeological remains that may be found.

(5) Any archaeological works or watching brief carried out under the approved scheme must be carried out by an organisation registered with the Chartered Institute for Archaeologists or by a member of that Institute.

(6) Any archaeological works or watching brief must be carried out in accordance with the approved scheme.

Protected Species

14.—(1) No work to commence in any phase until final pre-construction survey work has been carried out for that phase to establish whether a protected species is present on any of the land affected, or likely to be affected, by the authorised development or in any of the trees to be lopped or felled as part of that phase.

(2) For the purpose of requirement 14(1) “commence” includes any site preparation works.

(3) Where a protected species is shown to be present, development must not commence within that phase until, after consultation with Natural England and the local planning authority, a scheme

of protection and mitigation measures has been submitted to and approved by the local planning authority.

(4) The authorised development must be carried out in accordance with the approved scheme.

(5) In this requirement, “protected species” refers to any species defined as a European Protected Species in regulations 42 (European protected species of animals) and 46 (European protected species of plants) of the Conservation of Habitats and Species Regulations 2017(a) or any species to which Part I (wildlife) and Schedule 5 (animals which are protected) of the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981(b) applies.

Temporary diversion to public footpath

15.—(1) Not to commence any phase of the authorised development or any decommissioning until a public rights of way management plan for the phase incorporating that part of public footpath 214 and proposed to be temporarily closed and diverted on the temporary diversion of public footpath plan has been submitted to and, approved by the local planning authority.

(2) The plan must include details of—

- (a) measures to minimise the length of any sections of the public right of way to be temporarily closed; and
- (b) advance publicity and signage in respect of any sections of public rights of way to be temporarily closed.

(3) Prior to the commencement of any phase of the authorised development and of any decommissioning the plan must be implemented as approved.

Requirement for written approval

16. Where the approval, agreement or confirmation of the Secretary of State, local planning authority or another person is required under a requirement that approval or confirmation must be given in writing.

Amendments to approved details

17.—(1) With respect to any requirement which requires the authorised development to be carried out in accordance with the details approved by the local planning authority or another person, the approved details must be carried out as approved unless an amendment or variation is previously agreed in writing by the local planning authority or that other person in accordance with subparagraph (2).

(2) Any amendments to or variations from the approved details must be in accordance with the principles and assessments set out in the environmental statement. Such agreement may only be given in relation to immaterial changes where it has been demonstrated to the satisfaction of the local planning authority or that other person that the subject matter of the agreement sought is unlikely to give rise to any materially new or materially different environmental effect from those assessed in the environmental statement.

(3) The approved details must be taken to include any amendments that may subsequently be approved in writing by the local planning authority or that other person

(a) S.I. 2017/1012.
(b) 1981 c. 69.

PART 2

PROCEDURE FOR DISCHARGE OF REQUIREMENTS

Interpretation

- 18.—**(1) In this Part of this Schedule, “discharging authority” means—
- (a) anybody responsible for giving any consent, agreement or approval required by a requirement included in Part 2 of this Schedule, or for giving any consent, agreement or approval further to any document referred to in any such requirement; or
 - (b) the local authority in the exercise of its functions set out in sections 60 (control of noise on construction sites) and 61 (prior consent for work on construction sites) of the Control of Pollution Act 1974 subsequently referred to as “the 1974 Act”(a).

Applications made under requirements

19.—(1) Where an application has been made to the discharging authority for any consent, agreement or approval required by a requirement contained in Part 2 of this Schedule, or for any consent, agreement or approval further to any document referred to in any such requirement, the discharging authority must give notice to the undertaker of its decision on the application within a period of eight weeks beginning with—

- (a) the day immediately following that on which the application is received by the discharging authority; or
- (b) where further information is requested under paragraph 20 the day immediately following that on which the further information has been supplied by the undertaker, or such longer period as may be agreed in writing by the undertaker and the discharging authority.

(2) In determining any application made to the discharging authority for any consent, agreement or approval required by a requirement contained in Part 2 of this Schedule, the discharging authority may—

- (a) give or refuse its consent, agreement or approval; or
- (b) give its consent, agreement or approval subject to reasonable conditions.

and where consent, agreement or approval is refused or granted subject to conditions the discharging authority must provide its reasons for that decision with the notice of the decision.

Further information regarding requirements

20.—(1) In relation to any application referred to in paragraph 19, the discharging authority may request such further information from the undertaker as it considers necessary to enable it to consider the application.

(2) If the discharging authority considers that further information is necessary and the requirement concerned contained in Part 2 of this Schedule does not specify that consultation with a consultee is required, the discharging authority must, within ten business days of receipt of the application, notify the undertaker in writing specifying the further information required.

(3) If the requirement concerned contained in Part 2 of this Schedule specifies that consultation with a consultee is required, the discharging authority must issue the application to the consultee within five business days of receipt of the application, and notify the undertaker in writing specifying any further information requested by the consultee within five business days of receipt of such a request.

(4) If the discharging authority does not give the notification within the period specified in subparagraph (2) or (3) it (and the consultee, as the case may be) is deemed to have sufficient

(a) 1974 c. 40. Section 61 was amended by Schedule 7 to the Building Act 1984 (c. 55), Schedule 15 to the Environmental Protection Act 1990 (c. 43) and Schedule 24 to the Environment Act 1995 (c. 25).

information to consider the application and is not entitled to request further information without the prior agreement of the undertaker.

Appeals

21.—(1) Where a person (“the applicant”) makes an application to a discharging authority, the applicant may appeal to the Secretary of State in the event that—

- (a) the discharging authority refuses an application for any consent, agreement or approval required by—
 - (i) a requirement contained in Part 2 of this Schedule; or
 - (ii) a document referred to in any requirement contained in Part 2 of this Schedule;
- (b) the discharging authority does not determine such an application within the time period set out in paragraph 19(1), or grants it subject to conditions;
- (c) the discharging authority issues a notice further to sections 60 (control of noise on construction sites) or 61 (prior consent for work on construction sites) of the 1974 Act;
- (d) on receipt of a request for further information pursuant to paragraph 20 of this Part of this Schedule, the applicant considers that either the whole or part of the specified information requested by the discharging authority is not necessary for consideration of the application; or
- (e) on receipt of any further information requested, the discharging authority notifies the applicant that the information provided is inadequate and requests additional information which the applicant considers is not necessary for consideration of the application.

(2) The appeal process is as follows—

- (a) any appeal by the applicant must be made within 42 days of the date of the notice of the decision or determination, or (where no determination has been made) the expiry of the time period set out in paragraph 19(1), giving rise to the appeal referred to in sub-paragraph (1);
- (b) the applicant must submit the appeal documentation to the Secretary of State and must on the same day provide copies of the appeal documentation to the discharging authority and any consultee specified under the relevant requirement contained in Part 2 of this Schedule;
- (c) as soon as is practicable after receiving the appeal documentation, the Secretary of State must appoint a person to consider the appeal (“the appointed person”) and must notify the appeal parties of the identity of the appointed person and the address to which all correspondence for the attention of the appointed person should be sent;
- (d) the discharging authority and any consultee (if applicable) must submit their written representations together with any other representations to the appointed person in respect of the appeal within ten business days of the start date specified by the appointed person and must ensure that copies of their written representations and any other representations as sent to the appointed person are sent to each other and to the applicant on the day on which they are submitted to the appointed person;
- (e) the applicant must make any counter-submissions to the appointed person within ten business days of receipt of written representations pursuant to sub-paragraph (d) above; and
- (f) the appointed person must make a decision and notify it to the appeal parties, with reasons, as soon as reasonably practicable after the end of the ten day period for counter-submissions under sub-paragraph (e).

(3) The appointment of the appointed person pursuant to sub-paragraph (2)(c) may be undertaken by a person appointed by the Secretary of State for this purpose instead of by the Secretary of State.

(4) In the event that the appointed person considers that further information is necessary to enable the appointed person to consider the appeal the appointed person must as soon as practicable notify the appeal parties in writing specifying the further information required, the appeal party from whom the information is sought, and the date by which the information is to be submitted.

(5) Any further information required pursuant to sub-paragraph (4) must be provided by the party from whom the information is sought to the appointed person and to the other appeal parties by the date specified by the appointed person. The appointed person must notify the appeal parties of the revised timetable for the appeal on or before that day. The revised timetable for the appeal must require submission of written representations to the appointed person within ten business days of the date specified by the appointed person, but must otherwise be in accordance with the process and time limits set out in sub-paragraphs (2)(c) to (e).

(6) On an appeal under this paragraph, the appointed person may—

- (a) allow or dismiss the appeal; or
- (b) reverse or vary any part of the decision of the discharging authority (whether the appeal relates to that part of it or not);

and may deal with the application as if it had been made to the appointed person in the first instance.

(7) The appointed person may proceed to a decision on an appeal taking into account such written representations as have been sent within the relevant time limits and in the sole discretion of the appointed person such written representations as have been sent outside of the relevant time limits.

(8) The appointed person may proceed to a decision even though no written representations have been made within the relevant time limits, if it appears to the appointed person that there is sufficient material to enable a decision to be made on the merits of the case.

(9) The decision of the appointed person on an appeal is final and binding on the parties, and a court may entertain proceedings for questioning the decision only if the proceedings are brought by a claim for a judicial review.

(10)) If an approval is given by the appointed person pursuant to this Part of this Schedule, it is deemed to be an approval for the purpose of Part 2 of this Schedule as if it had been given by the discharging authority. The discharging authority may confirm any determination given by the appointed person in identical form in writing, but a failure to give such confirmation (or a failure to give it in identical form) is not to be taken to affect or invalidate the effect of the appointed person’s determination.

(11) Save where a direction is given pursuant to sub-paragraph (12) requiring the costs of the appointed person to be paid by the discharging authority, the reasonable costs of the appointed person are to be met by the applicant.

(12) On application by the discharging authority or the applicant, the appointed person may give directions as to the costs of the appeal and as to the parties by whom the costs of the appeal are to be paid. In considering whether to make any such direction and the terms on which it is to be made, the appointed person must have regard to relevant guidance on the Planning Practice Guidance website or any official circular or guidance which may from time to time replace it.

SCHEDULE 3

Article 8

PUBLIC FOOTPATH TO BE TEMPORARILY STOPPED UP AND DIVERTED

Table 1

<i>(1) Area</i>	<i>(2) Plan</i>	<i>(3) Public footpath to be temporarily stopped up</i>	<i>(4) Period of diversion</i>	<i>(5) Extent of temporary stopping up</i>	<i>(6) Extent of temporary diversion</i>
North Lincolnshire	As shown indicatively on Drawing P17-	Public Footpath 214	During construction and	Between the points marked A-B as shown	From A-D-C-B as shown with a dashed

0718-30 D – PROW (document reference 2.39 LC DRW)	decommission ing	with a solid black line on the proposed temporary diversion to public footpath 214 plan	black line on the proposed temporary diversion to public footpath 214 plan
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SCHEDULE 4 HEDGEROWS

Article 16

PART 1 REMOVAL OF IMPORTANT HEDGEROWS

Table 2

<i>(1) Plan</i>	<i>(2) Important Hedgerow</i>	<i>(3) Work</i>
Hedgerow Plan ref 2.40 LC DRW	H12	Removal of section 16 as shown with a purple circle on the hedgerow plan
Hedgerow Plan ref 2.40 LC DRW	H11	Removal of section 17 as shown with a purple circle on the hedgerow plan
Hedgerow Plan ref 2.40 LC DRW	H11	Removal of section 18 as shown with a purple circle on the hedgerow plan
Hedgerow Plan ref 2.40 LC DRW	H5	Removal of section 19 as shown with a purple circle on the hedgerow plan
Hedgerow Plan ref 2.40 LC DRW	H5	Removal of section 14 as shown with a yellow circle on the hedgerow plan

PART 2 REMOVAL OF HEDGEROWS

Table 3

<i>(1) Plan</i>	<i>(2) Hedgerow</i>	<i>(3) Work</i>
Hedgerow Plan ref 2.40 LC DRW	H1	Removal of section 1 as shown with a yellow circle on the hedgerow plan
Hedgerow Plan ref 2.40 LC DRW	H1	Removal of section 2 as shown with a purple circle on the hedgerow plan
Hedgerow Plan ref 2.40 LC DRW	H1	Removal of section 3 as shown with a purple circle on the hedgerow plan

Hedgerow Plan ref 2.40 LC DRW	H1	Removal of section 4 as shown with a purple circle on the hedgerow plan
Hedgerow Plan ref 2.40 LC DRW	H1	Removal of section 5 as shown with a purple circle on the hedgerow plan
Hedgerow Plan ref 2.40 LC DRW	H1	Removal of section 6 as shown with a purple circle on the hedgerow plan
Hedgerow Plan ref 2.40 LC DRW	H2	Removal of section 7 as shown with a purple circle on the hedgerow plan
Hedgerow Plan ref 2.40 LC DRW	H3	Removal of section 8 as shown with a purple circle on the hedgerow plan
Hedgerow Plan ref 2.40 LC DRW	H3	Removal of section 9 as shown with a purple circle on the hedgerow plan
Hedgerow Plan ref 2.40 LC DRW	H3	Removal of section 10 as shown with a purple circle on the hedgerow plan
Hedgerow Plan ref 2.40 LC DRW	H3	Removal of section 11 as shown with a purple circle on the hedgerow plan
Hedgerow Plan ref 2.40 LC DRW	H4	Removal of section 12 as shown with a purple circle on the hedgerow plan
Hedgerow Plan ref 2.40 LC DRW	H4	Removal of section 13 as shown with a purple circle on the hedgerow plan
Hedgerow Plan ref 2.40 LC DRW	H6	Removal of section 20 as shown with a yellow circle on the hedgerow plan
Hedgerow Plan ref 2.40 LC DRW	H7	Removal of section 22 as shown with a purple circle on the hedgerow plan
Hedgerow Plan ref 2.40 LC DRW	H8	Removal of section 21 as shown with a purple circle on the hedgerow plan
Hedgerow Plan ref 2.40 LC DRW	H10	Removal of section 15 as shown with a purple circle on the hedgerow plan

SCHEDULE 5

Article 17

ARBITRATION RULES

Primary objective

1.—(1) The primary objective of these arbitration rules is to achieve a fair, impartial, final and binding award on the substantive difference between the parties (save as to costs) within 4 months from the date the arbitrator is appointed pursuant to article 17 of the Order.

(2) The arbitration is deemed to have commenced when a party (“the Claimant”) serves a written notice of arbitration on the other party (“the Respondent”).

Time periods

2.—(1) All time periods in these arbitration rules will be measured in days and this is to include weekends, but not bank or public holidays.

(2) Time periods will be calculated from the day after the arbitrator is appointed which must be either—

- (a) the date the arbitrator notifies the parties in writing of his/her acceptance of an appointment by agreement of the parties; or
- (b) the date the arbitrator is appointed by the Secretary of State.

Timetable

3.—(1) The timetable for the arbitration is to be that set out in sub-paragraphs (2) to (4) unless amended in accordance with sub-paragraph 5(3).

(2) Within 14 days of the arbitrator being appointed, the Claimant must provide both the Respondent and the arbitrator with—

- (a) a written Statement of Claim which describes the nature of the differences between the parties, the legal and factual issues, the Claimant's contentions as to those issues, the amount of its claim and the remedy it is seeking;
- (b) all statements of evidence and copies of all documents on which it relies, including contractual documentation, correspondence (including electronic documents), legal precedents and expert witness reports.

(3) Within 14 days of receipt of the Claimant's statements under sub-paragraph (2) by the arbitrator and Respondent, the Respondent must provide the Claimant and the arbitrator with—

- (a) a written Statement of Defence responding to the Claimant's Statement of Claim, its statement in respect of the nature of the differences, the legal and factual issues in the Claimant's claim, its acceptance of any element(s) of the Claimant's claim, its contentions as to those elements of the Claimant's claim it does not accept;
- (b) all statements of evidence and copies of all documents on which it relies, including contractual documentation, correspondence (including electronic documents), legal precedents and expert witness reports;
- (c) any objections it wishes to make to the Claimant's statements, comments on the Claimant's expert report(s) (if submitted by the Claimant) and explanations for the objections.

(4) Within 7 days of the Respondent serving its statements sub-paragraph (3), the Claimant may make a Statement of Reply by providing both the Respondent and the arbitrator with—

- (a) a written statement responding to the Respondent's submissions, including its reply in respect of the nature of the difference, the issues (both factual and legal) and its contentions in relation to the issues;
- (b) all statements of evidence and copies of documents in response to the Respondent's submissions;
- (c) any expert report in response to the Respondent's submissions;
- (d) any objections to the statements of evidence, expert reports or other documents submitted by the Respondent;
- (e) written submissions in response to the legal and factual issues involved.

Procedure

4.—(1) The parties' pleadings, witness statements and expert reports (if any) must be concise. No single pleading is to exceed 30 single-sided A4 pages using 10pt Arial font.

(2) The arbitrator must make an award on the substantive difference(s) based solely on the written material submitted by the parties unless the arbitrator decides that a hearing is necessary to explain or resolve any matters.

(3) Either party may, within 2 days of delivery of the last submission, request a hearing giving specific reasons why it considers a hearing is required.

(4) Within 7 days of receiving the last submission, the arbitrator must notify the parties whether a hearing is to be held and the length of that hearing.

(5) Within 10 days of the arbitrator advising the parties that he/she is to hold a hearing, the date and venue for the hearing must be fixed by agreement with the parties, save that if there is no agreement the arbitrator must direct a date and venue which he/she considers is fair and reasonable in all the circumstances. The date for the hearing must not be less than 35 days from the date of the arbitrator's direction confirming the date and venue of the hearing.

(6) A decision will be made by the arbitrator on whether there is any need for expert evidence to be submitted orally at the hearing. If oral expert evidence is required by the arbitrator, then any expert(s) attending the hearing may be asked questions by the arbitrator.

(7) There will be no process of examination and cross-examination of experts, but the arbitrator will invite the parties to ask questions of the experts by way of clarification of any answers given by the expert(s) in response to the arbitrator's questions. Prior to the hearing the procedure for the expert(s) will be that—

- (a) at least 28 days before a hearing, the arbitrator will provide a list of issues to be addressed by the expert(s);
- (b) if more than one expert is called, they will jointly confer and produce a joint report or reports within 14 days of the issues being provided; and
- (c) the form and content of a joint report must be as directed by the arbitrator and must be provided at least 7 days before the hearing.

(8) Within 14 days of a hearing or a decision by the arbitrator that no hearing is to be held the parties may by way of exchange provide the arbitrator with a final submission in connection with the matters in dispute and any submissions on costs. The arbitrator will take these submissions into account in the award.

(9) The arbitrator may make other directions or rulings as considered appropriate in order to ensure that the parties comply with the timetable and procedures to achieve an award on the substantive difference within 4 months of the date on which the arbitrator is appointed, unless both parties otherwise agree to an extension to the date for the award.

(10) If a party fails to comply with the timetable, procedure or any other direction then the arbitrator may continue in the absence of a party or submission or document, and may make a decision on the submitted information attaching the appropriate weight to any evidence submitted beyond any timetable or in breach of any procedure and/or direction.

(11) The arbitrator's award must include reasons. The parties will accept that the extent to which reasons are given must be proportionate to the issues in dispute and the time available to the arbitrator to deliver the award.

Arbitrator's powers

5.—(1) The arbitrator has all the powers of the Arbitration Act 1996, including the non-mandatory sections, save where modified by these arbitration rules.

(2) There will be no discovery or disclosure, except that the arbitrator will have the power to order the parties to produce such documents as are reasonably requested by another party no later than the Statement of Reply, or by the arbitrator, where the documents are manifestly relevant, specifically identified and the burden of production is not excessive. Any application and orders should be made by way of a Redfern Schedule without any hearing.

(3) Any time limits fixed in accordance with this procedure or by the arbitrator may be varied by agreement between the parties, subject to any such variation being acceptable to and approved by the arbitrator. In the absence of agreement, the arbitrator may vary the timescales and/or procedure—

- (a) if the arbitrator is satisfied that a variation of any fixed time limit is reasonably necessary to avoid a breach of the rules of natural justice; and
- (b) only for such a period that is necessary to achieve fairness between the parties.

(4) On the date the award is made, the arbitrator will notify the parties that the award is completed, signed and dated, and that it will be issued to the parties on receipt of cleared funds for the arbitrator's fees and expenses.

Costs

6.—(1) The costs of the arbitration must include the fees and expenses of the arbitrator, the reasonable fees and expenses of any experts and the reasonable legal and other costs incurred by the parties for the arbitration.

(2) Where the difference involves connected/interrelated issues, the arbitrator will consider the relevant costs collectively.

(3) The final award must fix the costs of the arbitration and decide which of the parties will bear them or in what proportion they will be borne by the parties.

(4) The arbitrator will award recoverable costs on the general principle that each party should bear its own costs, having regard to all material circumstances, including such matters as exaggerated claims and/or defences, the degree of success for different elements of the claims, claims that have incurred substantial costs, the conduct of the parties and the degree of success of a party.

Confidentiality

7.—(1) The parties agree that any hearings held as part of the arbitration will take place in private.

(2) The parties and arbitrator agree that any matters, materials, documents, awards, expert reports and the like are confidential and must not be disclosed to any third party without prior written consent of the other party, save for any application to the Courts or where disclosure is required under any legislative or regulatory requirement.

SCHEDULE 6

Article 20

PROTECTIVE PROVISIONS

PART 1

PROTECTION FOR ELECTRICITY, GAS, WATER AND SEWERAGE UNDERTAKERS

Application

1. For the protection of the affected undertakers referred to in this Part of this Schedule (save for Anglian Water which is protected by Part 2 of this Schedule) the following provisions have effect, unless otherwise agreed in writing between the undertaker and the affected undertaker concerned.

2. In this Part of this Schedule—

“affected undertaker” means—

- (a) any licence holder within the meaning of Part 1 (electricity supply) of the 1989 Act;
- (b) a gas transporter within the meaning of Part 1 (gas supply) of the Gas Act 1986(a);
- (c) a water undertaker within the meaning of the Water Industry Act 1991(b); or
- (d) a sewerage undertaker within the meaning of Part 1 (preliminary) of the Water Industry Act 1991,

for the area of the authorised development but, for the avoidance of doubt, does not include the undertaker specified in Part 2 (Anglian Water) of this Schedule, and in relation to any apparatus, means the undertaker to whom it belongs or by whom it is maintained;

“alternative apparatus” means alternative apparatus adequate to enable the affected undertaker in question to fulfil its statutory functions in a manner not less efficient than previously;

(a) 1986 c. 44. A new section 7 was substituted by section 5 of the Gas Act 1995 (c. 45), and was further amended by section 76 of the Utilities Act 2000 (c. 27).

(b) 1991 c. 56.

“apparatus” means—

- (a) in the case of an electricity undertaker, electric lines or electric plant (as defined in the 1989 Act), belonging to or maintained by that affected undertaker;
- (b) in the case if a gas undertaker, any mains, pipes or other apparatus belonging to or maintained by a gas transporter for the purposes of gas supply;
- (c) in the case of a water undertaker—
 - (i) mains, pipes or other apparatus belonging to or maintained by that affected undertaker for the purposes of water supply; and
 - (ii) any water mains or service pipes (or part of a water main or service pipe) that is the subject of an agreement to adopt made under section 51A (agreements to adopt water main or service pipe at future date) or the Water Industry Act 1991;
- (d) in the case of a sewerage undertaker—
 - (i) any drain or works vested in the affected undertaker under the Water Industry Act 1991; and
 - (ii) any sewer which is so vested or is the subject of a notice of intention to adopt given under section 102(4) (adoption of sewers and disposal works) of that Act or an agreement to adopt made under section 104 of that Act,

and included a sludge main, disposal main (within the meaning of section 219 (general interpretation) of that Act) or sewer outfall and any manholes, ventilating shafts, pumps or other accessories forming part of any such sewer, drain or works, and includes any structure in which apparatus is or is to be lodged or which gives or will give access to apparatus;

“functions” included powers and duties; and

“in” in a context referring to apparatus or alternative apparatus in land includes a reference to apparatus or alternative apparatus under, over or upon land.

Precedence of the 1991 Act in respect of apparatus in the streets

3. This Part of this Schedule does not apply to apparatus in respect of which the relations between the undertaker and the affected undertaker are regulated by the provisions of Part 3 (water supply) of the 1991 Act.

Removal of apparatus

4.—(1) If, for the purpose of executing any works in, on or under any land purchased, held, or used under this Order, the undertaker requires the removal of any apparatus placed in that land, it must give to the affected undertaker in question written notice of that requirement, together with a plan and section of the work proposed, and of the proposed position of the alternative apparatus to be provided or constructed and in that case (or if in consequence of the exercise of any of the powers conferred by this Order an affected undertaker reasonably needs to remove any of its apparatus) the undertaker must, subject to sub-paragraph (2), afford to the affected undertaker the necessary facilities and rights for the construction of alternative apparatus in other land of the undertaker and subsequently for the maintenance of that apparatus.

(2) If alternative apparatus or any part of such apparatus is to be constructed elsewhere than in other land of the undertaker, or the undertaker is unable to afford such facilities and rights as are mentioned in sub-paragraph (1), in the land in which the alternative apparatus or part of such apparatus is to be constructed, the affected undertaker in question must, on receipt of a written notice to that effect from the undertaker, as soon as reasonably possible use reasonable endeavours to obtain the necessary facilities and rights in the land in which the alternative apparatus is to be constructed.

(3) Any alternative apparatus to be constructed in land of the undertaker under this Part of this Schedule must be constructed in such manner and in such line or situation as may be agreed between the affected undertaker in question and the undertaker or in default of agreement settled by arbitration in accordance with article 17 (arbitration).

(4) The affected undertaker in question must, after the alternative apparatus to be provided or constructed has been agreed or settled by arbitration in accordance with article 17 (arbitration) and after the grant to the affected undertaker of any such facilities and rights as are referred to in sub-paragraph (1) or (2), proceed without unnecessary delay to construct and bring into operation the alternative apparatus and subsequently to remove any apparatus required by the undertaker to be removed under the provisions of this Part of this Schedule.

(5) Regardless of anything in sub-paragraph (4), if the undertaker gives notice in writing to the affected undertaker in question that it desires itself to execute any work, or part of any work in connection with the construction or removal of apparatus in any land controlled by the undertaker, that work, instead of being executed by the affected undertaker, must be executed by the undertaker without unnecessary delay under the superintendence, if given, and to the reasonable satisfaction of the affected undertaker.

Facilities and rights for alternative apparatus

5.—(1) Where, in accordance with the provisions of this Part of this Schedule, the undertaker affords to an affected undertaker facilities and rights for the construction and maintenance in land of the undertaker of alternative apparatus in substitution for apparatus to be removed, those facilities and rights must be granted upon such terms and conditions as may be agreed between the undertaker and the affected undertaker in question or in default of agreement settled by arbitration in accordance with article 17 (arbitration).

(2) If the facilities and rights to be afforded by the undertaker in respect of any alternative apparatus, and the terms and conditions subject to which those facilities and rights are to be granted, are in the opinion of the arbitrator less favourable on the whole to the affected undertaker in question than the facilities and rights enjoyed by it in respect of the apparatus to be removed and the terms and conditions to which those facilities and rights are subject, the arbitrator must make such provision for the payment of compensation by the undertaker to that affected undertaker as appears to the arbitrator to be reasonable having regard to all the circumstances of the particular case.

Retained apparatus

6.—(1) Not less than 28 days before starting the execution of any works of the type referred to in paragraph 4(1) that are near to, or will or may affect, any apparatus the removal of which has not been required by the undertaker under paragraph 4(1), the undertaker must submit to the affected undertaker in question a plan, section and description of the works to be executed.

(2) Those works must be executed only in accordance with the plan, section and description submitted under sub-paragraph (1) and in accordance with such reasonable requirements as may be made in accordance with sub-paragraph (3) by the affected undertaker for the alteration or otherwise for the protection of the apparatus, or for securing access to it, and the affected undertaker is entitled to watch and inspect the execution of those works.

(3) Any requirements made by an affected undertaker under sub-paragraph (2) must be made within a period of 21 days beginning with the date on which a plan, section and description under sub-paragraph (1) are submitted to it.

(4) If an affected undertaker in accordance with sub-paragraph (3) and in consequence of the works proposed by the undertaker, reasonably requires the removal of any apparatus and gives written notice to the undertaker of that requirement, paragraphs 1 to 5 apply as if the removal of the apparatus had been required by the undertaker under paragraph 4(1).

(5) Nothing in this paragraph precludes the undertaker from submitting at any time or from time to time, but in no case less than 28 days before commencing the execution of any works, a new plan, section and description instead of the plan, section and description previously submitted, and having done so the provisions of this paragraph apply to and in respect of the new plan, section and description.

(6) The undertaker is not required to comply with sub-paragraph (1) in a case of emergency but in that case it must give to the affected undertaker in question notice as soon as is reasonably practicable and a plan, section and description of those works as soon as reasonably practicable

subsequently and must comply with sub-paragraph (2) in so far as is reasonably practicable in the circumstances.

Expenses and costs

7.—(1) Subject to the following provisions of this paragraph, the undertaker must repay to an affected undertaker the reasonable expenses incurred by that affected undertaker in, or in connection with, the inspection, removal, alteration or protection of any apparatus or the construction of any new apparatus which may be required in consequence of the execution of any such works as are referred to in paragraph 4(1).

(2) There must be deducted from any sum payable under sub-paragraph (1) the value of any apparatus removed under the provisions of this Part of this Schedule, that value being calculated after removal.

(3) If in accordance with the provisions of this Part of this Schedule—

- (a) apparatus of better type, of greater capacity or of greater dimensions is placed in substitution for existing apparatus of worse type, of smaller capacity or of smaller dimensions; or
- (b) apparatus (whether existing apparatus or apparatus substituted for existing apparatus) is placed at a depth greater than the depth at which the existing apparatus was,

and the placing of apparatus of that type or capacity or of those dimensions or the placing of apparatus at that depth, as the case may be, is not agreed by the undertaker or, in default of agreement, is not determined by arbitration in accordance with article 17 (arbitration) to be necessary, then, if such placing involves cost in the construction of works under this Part of this Schedule exceeding that which would have been involved if the apparatus placed had been of the existing type, capacity or dimensions, or at the existing depth, as the case may be, the amount which apart from this sub-paragraph would be payable to the affected undertaker in question by virtue of sub-paragraph (1) must be reduced by the amount of that excess.

(4) For the purposes of sub-paragraph (3)—

- (a) an extension of apparatus to a length greater than the length of existing apparatus is not to be treated as a placing of apparatus of greater dimensions than those of the existing apparatus; and
- (b) where the provision of a joint in a cable is agreed, or is determined to be necessary, the consequential provision of a jointing chamber or of a manhole is to be treated as if it also had been agreed or had been so determined.

(5) An amount which apart from this sub-paragraph would be payable to an affected undertaker in respect of works by virtue of sub-paragraph (1) must, if the works include the placing of apparatus provided in substitution for apparatus placed more than 7 years and 6 months earlier so as to confer on the affected undertaker any financial benefit by deferment of the time for renewal of the apparatus in the ordinary course, be reduced by the amount which represents that benefit.

8.—(1) Subject to sub-paragraphs (2) and (3), if by reason or in consequence of the construction of any such works referred to in paragraph 4(1), any damage is caused to any apparatus (other than apparatus the repair of which is not reasonably necessary in view of its intended removal for the purposes of those works) or property of an affected undertaker, or there is any interruption in any service provided, or in the supply of any goods, by any affected undertaker, the undertaker must—

- (a) bear and pay the cost reasonably incurred by that affected undertaker in making good such damage or restoring the supply; and
- (b) provide reasonable compensation to that affected undertaker for any other expenses, loss, damages, penalty or costs incurred by the affected undertaker,

by reason or in consequence of any such damage or interruption.

(2) Nothing in sub-paragraph (1) imposes any liability on the undertaker with respect to any damage or interruption to the extent that it is attributable to the act, neglect or default of an affected undertaker, its officers, servants, contractors or agents.

(3) An affected undertaker must give the undertaker reasonable notice of any such claim or demand and no settlement or compromise may be made without the consent of the undertaker which, if it withholds such consent, will have the sole conduct of any settlement or compromise or of any proceedings necessary to resist the claim or demand.

Enactments and agreements

9. Nothing in this Part of this Schedule affects the provisions of any enactment or agreement regulating the relations between the undertaker and an affected undertaker in respect of any apparatus laid or erected in land belonging to the undertaker on the date on which this Order is made.

PART 2

FOR THE PROTECTION OF ANGLIAN WATER

10. For the protection of Anglian Water, the following provisions have effect, unless otherwise agreed in writing between the undertaker and Anglian Water.

11. In this Part of this Schedule—

“alternative apparatus” means alternative apparatus adequate to enable Anglian Water to fulfil its statutory functions in not less efficient a manner than previously;

“apparatus” means—

- (a) any works, mains, pipes or other apparatus belonging to or maintained by Anglian Water for the purposes of water supply and sewerage;
- (b) any drain or works vested in Anglian Water under The Water Industry Act 1991; and
- (c) any sewer which is so vested or is the subject of a notice of intention to adopt given under section 102(4) (adoption of sewers and disposal works) of The Water Industry Act 1991 or an agreement to adopt made under section 104 (agreements to adopt sewer, drain or sewage disposal works, at a future date) of that Act,

and includes a sludge main, disposal main or sewer outfall and any manholes, ventilating shafts, pumps or other accessories forming part of any sewer, drain, or works (within the meaning of section 219 (general interpretation) of that Act) and any structure in which apparatus is or is to be lodged or which gives or will give access to apparatus;

“functions” includes powers and duties;

“in” in a context referring to apparatus or alternative apparatus in land includes a reference to apparatus or alternative apparatus under, over or upon land; and

“plan” includes sections, drawings, specifications and method statements.

The undertaker must not interfere with, build over or near to any apparatus within the Order limits or execute the placing, installation, bedding, packing, removal, connection or disconnection of any apparatus, or execute any filling around the apparatus (where the apparatus is laid in a trench) either within the standard protection strip which is the strip of land falling 6 metres either side of the water main within the Order limits or outside the protection strip but in such proximity that safe working within the protection strip is prevented or possible only with special measures other than in accordance with paragraph 15 below with such provision being brought to the attention of any agent or contractor responsible for carrying out any work on behalf of the undertaker.

12. The alteration, extension, removal or re-location of any apparatus must not be implemented until—

- (a) any requirement for a permit under the Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations 2016 or other legislation and any other associated consents are obtained, and any approval or agreement required from Anglian Water on alternative outfall locations as

a result of such re-location are approved, such approvals from Anglian Water not to be unreasonably withheld or delayed; and

- (b) the undertaker has made the appropriate application required under the Water Industry Act 1991 together with a plan and section of the works proposed and Anglian Water has agreed all of the contractual documentation required under the Water Industry Act 1991, such agreement not to be unreasonably withheld or delayed; and such works to be executed only in accordance with the plan, section and description submitted and in accordance with such reasonable requirements as may be made by Anglian Water for the alteration or otherwise for the protection of the apparatus, or for securing access to it.

13. If in consequence of the exercise of the powers conferred by the Order, previously unmapped sewers, lateral drains or other apparatus are identified by the undertaker, notification of the location of such assets must immediately be given to Anglian Water and afforded the same protection of other Anglian Water assets.

14.—(1) Not less than 28 days before starting the execution of any works that are near to, or will or may affect, any apparatus where the removal of which has not been required by the undertaker, the undertaker must submit to Anglian Water a plan, section and description of the works to be executed.

(2) Those works must be executed only in accordance with the plan, section and description submitted under sub-paragraph (1) and in accordance with such reasonable requirements as may be made in accordance with sub-paragraph (3) by Anglian Water for the alteration or otherwise for the protection of the apparatus, or for securing access to it, and Anglian Water is entitled to watch and inspect the execution of those works

(3) The undertaker is not required to comply with sub-paragraph (1) in a case of emergency but in that case it must give to Anglian Water notice as soon as is reasonably practicable and a plan, section and description of those works as soon as reasonably practicable subsequently and must comply with sub-paragraph (2) in so far as is reasonably practicable in the circumstances.

15. If for any reason as a result of the construction of any of the works referred to in paragraphs 12 or 14 any damage is caused to any apparatus (other than apparatus the repair of which is not reasonably necessary in view of its intended removal for the purposes of those works) or property of Anglian Water, or there is any interruption in any service provided, or in the supply of any goods, by Anglian Water, the undertaker must—

- (a) bear and pay the cost reasonably incurred by Anglian Water in making good any damage or restoring the supply; and
- (b) make reasonable compensation to Anglian Water for any other direct expenses, loss, damages, penalty or costs incurred by Anglian Water.

16. Anglian Water must use its reasonable endeavours to mitigate in whole or in part and to minimise any costs, expenses, loss, demands, penalties and costs to which the provisions of this Part 1 apply. If requested to do so by the undertaker, Anglian Water must provide an explanation of how any claim has been minimised. The undertaker is only liable under paragraph 16 for claims reasonably incurred by Anglian Water.]

EXPLANATORY NOTE

(This note is not part of the Order)

This Order authorises INRG Solar (Little Crow) Limited to construct a new solar power generating station on land in Scunthorpe to the east of the British Steel plant and to carry out all associated works.

The Order also makes provision for the maintenance operation and decommissioning of the authorised development.

A copy of the plans, the environmental statement and other documents mentioned in this Order and certified in accordance with article 14 of this Order (certification of plans, etc.) may be inspected free of charge [during working hours] at [tbc] or online at www.littlecrow.solar.co.uk.

